

Only WOMAN'S PAGE

PATRIOTIC CELEBRATIONS.

EVACUATION DAY EXERCISES BY THE CHILDREN OF THE REVOLUTION.

THE WASHINGTON HEIGHTS YOUNG PEOPLE HOIST THE FLAG AT SUNRISE—EVENING ENTERTAINMENT AT DR. KIERSTEDT'S.

Many of the patriotic societies of New-York State celebrated Evacuation Day on Saturday, November 25, and among these were eighteen chapters of the Children of the American Revolution. Mrs. William Cummings Story is State director.

The Washington Heights Society of the Children of the American Revolution, New-York City, of which Mrs. Ferdinand P. Earle is president, and Victor De La Montagne Earle secretary, celebrated the day by hoisting the colors at sunrise at the headquarters in the old Morris house, on Washington Heights, which is the home of the president.



SARAH BANCER TRAFTON.
Regent of the Holland Dames.

and by firing a salute at noon. Victor De La Montagne Earle, who has been secretary of the society continuously since its formation, is a member of Columbia University and president of the class of '98.

The Children of the Holland Dames gave an evening celebration in the home of Dr. Kierstedt, who is the grandfather of the regent of the society, Miss Sara Bancker Trafton. The entertainment was of a festive order, and continued until midnight. The program included a Revolutionary guessing game, an old-fashioned waltzing party, a "patriotic dance" by the little regent, recitations and music. Quaint costumes were worn, and at the close a "Holland Dutch collation" was served and favors distributed.

A gavel was presented to Miss Trafton by Miss L. H. V. Dempsey, and Miss Rampon sang "The Star Spangled Banner," written by Francis



COL. VICTOR DE LA MONTAGNE EARLE.
Secretary of the Washington Heights Chapter of the Children of the American Revolution.

Scott Key during the second war for independence, has by general acceptance become the National song, and all the children united in singing it, filling the room with the strains written by an American patriot while the bombardment of Fort Mifflin was in progress. "It has been aptly said of this song," said Miss Trafton, "that it was the very child of battle. It was rocked by cannon in the cradle of the deep. Its swaddling clothes were the Stars and Stripes. Its birth proclaimed, its coming was heralded by shot and shell, and from its baptism of fire a Nation of freemen clasped it to their bosoms."

The photograph of the monument erected to the memory of Francis Scott Key represents the Stars and Stripes still floating over the battlefields of Mifflin, and knew that the Americans had successfully resisted the British forces. The band that circles the pedestal at its feet bears the inscription, "By the Dawn's Early Light," and below, "The Star Spangled Banner."

The children standing at the base of the monument.

NOVEL ENTERTAINMENT.

The local temperance union at Plymouth, Mich., recently held a handkerchief bazaar to raise funds for their work. The novelty of the idea attracted much attention. The invitations were in rhyme, and read as follows:

GREETING.

To all our friends, though far and near,
We give you kind attention.
So please to lend us now your ear
While we a subject mention.
The index of this town will hold
On a day not distant far.
If we have been correctly told—
A "Handkerchief Bazaar."

So this, then, is our plea in brief,
To help along our virtuous cause.
You each shall send a handkerchief,
Regardless of its kind or size.
To be without a handkerchief
You know is quite distressing.
From every State let one be sent,
'Twill surely bring a blessing.

SUCCESSFUL BUSINESS WOMEN.

Miss A. Mulrooney, of Pennsylvania, went to the Klondike a little more than two years ago, and has now become a factor in the mining settlements. At first she opened a grocery store at Dawson City, but was obliged to close it, being unable to obtain supplies. At the junction of the Klondike and Bonanza creeks she located a building and put up a hotel, and around that has grown the town of Grand Forks. She extended her building operations, and last spring she sold the hotel for \$24,000.

In the summer she built the Fairview Hotel, in Dawson, then the biggest building in that town, with thirty rooms, all electrically equipped. She was the principal promoter of a telephone company which bought out the old one, and she has since been successful in securing a supply of drinking water was felt in Dawson. Miss Mulrooney aided in the establishment of the Hygeia Water Company.

This winter Miss Mulrooney will visit her family in Pennsylvania, and she intends to go on to England, where there are other members of the family, and to remain in Europe for the Paris Exposition next year. She owns a dozen claims.

RUMANIAN WEDDING CUSTOM.

When a Rumanian peasant girl becomes of marriageable age all her trousseau, which has been spun, woven and embroidered by her mother and herself, is placed in a painted wooden chest. This is allowed to occupy a conspicuous position in the living room, and a young man who wishes to pay his addresses to the young woman may first examine the contents of the chest. If he considers them a liberal dowry he presses his suit, but if not he ceases his attentions.

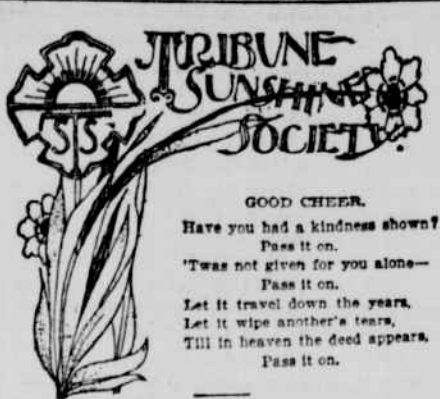
HOUSEKEEPERS ON THE WESTERN COAST expect to order their oysters by the piece instead of the hundred a few years hence. Fifty barrels of the famous Yezo oysters of Japan, which frequently grow to a foot in length and are of fine flavor, are soon to be planted in the tidewaters of Washington and Oregon. A private company that received the suggestion from the National Fish Commission is to have charge of the beds.

OSTERS A FOOT LONG.

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THE name of COLGATE & CO., on Toilet and Shaving Soaps, Perfumes, Sachets, Toilet Waters and Dental Powder corresponds to the

STERLING MARK ON SILVER



SUNSHINE SOCIETY.

GOOD CHEER.

Have you had a kindness shown?
Pass it on.
'Twas not given for you alone—
Pass it on.
Let it travel down the years,
Let it wipe another's tears,
Till in heaven the deed appears,
Pass it on.

CO-WORKERS WITH GOD.

The day is long and the day is hard,
We are tired of the march and of keeping guard;
Tired of the sense of a duty that is to be done;
Of days to live through and of work to be done;
Tired of ourselves and of being alone;
Yet all the while, did we only see,
We walk in the Lord's own company.

We fight, but 'tis He who gives us our arm;
He turns the arrows that else might harm,
And out of the storm He brings a calm;
And the work that we count so hard to do,
He makes it easy, for He works with us—
And the days that seem long to live are His—
A bit of His bright eternity, and close to our need His helping is.

—Susan Coolidge.

SUNSHINE SOCIAL.

Brooklyn Branch No. 5 of the T. S. S. will hold a photograph social meeting at the home of Dr. and Mrs. R. S. Bredington, No. 191 South Second-st., this evening, from 8 until 10 o'clock. All Sunshine friends will be made welcome.

Mrs. M. E. C. Bates, of Traverse City, Mich., reports that 1300 girls enrolled in her various Sunshine branches. Her local work is so large as to be almost unwieldy. Hereafter she will join the T. S. S. by branches, of which the names of officers only will be given.

Mrs. W. L. Starr, State president of New-Jersey, will shortly make a visit of a week in Hartford, Conn., and will be in charge of calling upon several members while there.

W. S. F. Please send magazines and illustrated papers to Miss Anna Ruddy, Home Garden School, No. 32 Pleasant-ave., New-York City.

A T. S. S. member of East Orange, N. J., has had a request from Warden Stone, of the Caldwell Penitentiary, N. J., for magazines and illustrated papers for the prisoners under his charge. New-Jersey members please respond to this request.

CONTRIBUTIONS RECEIVED.

The following contributions have been received at headquarters: Silk pieces from Mrs. Charles Talbot; two baby's jackets from Beatrice Hayes; six shoes, crocheted lace and a card from Mrs. L. W. Went; two pretty crocheted tidies and unfinished work from Miss M. D. Van Voorhis; scrap pictures from Mrs. Charles Barnard; worsted and a calendar from Mrs. Hattie Newcome; Sunday school papers without a name; Woman's Pages from Mrs. Hayes, Miss More and without the name of the contributor; a box of books from the "Borough of Manhattan" dolls' sock from Elodie Lytle; a box consisting of games, one box of paints, six books, one leather bag, box of embroidery materials and one souvenir from Maynard Hayes; three pairs of shoes, two match safes, two pieces of white flannel, three pieces of dress goods, one coat, one bonnet from Hortense and Ruth Fairman; a pen-wiper and silk letter case, a cold cream jar, a pin-cushion, a book cover and a fan from Mrs. H. A. Morgan; and cards and favors from Mrs. S. Camp.

DEATH OF AN AGED MEMBER.

In the death of Mrs. Henrietta Douglass the Newark Branch, No. 1, has lost its oldest member. Mrs. Douglass had attained the great age of ninety-six years. She had been a member for twenty-five years of the Home for Aged Women in Newark. She enjoyed remarkable health, and all her faculties up to within a few days of her death. Her funeral was attended by the managers and friends of the Home, who had loved her for her quiet, cheerful spirit.

A bunch of yellow and white chrysanthemums, tied with ribbons of the society colors, and the T. S. S. pin she had worn since she became a member, nearly a year ago, were placed on her coffin by members of the branch.

SUNSHINE SALE.

The bazaar and "stocking sale" of the Malne T. S. S. branch was held in Journal Hall, Lewiston, Me., yesterday. The proceeds will be used as a Christmas fund for distributing sunshine.

PHILANTHROPY OF ONE CLUB.

The Women's Union and Employment Society of Syracuse, is arranging for a charity ball which is to be given on Thanksgiving evening.

This society gives out sewing to poor women during the winter months and provides a warm breakfast for them when they call for the work.

THE TRIBUNE PATTERN.

A TISSEU PAPER PATTERN OF WOMAN'S FANCY BASQUE, NO. 7,331, FOR COUPON AND 10 CENTS.

While it cannot be asserted that the blouse is going out entirely it must be admitted that the close fitting basque is gaining in feminine favor for cloth gowns. The triline lines are slightly modified by using the French back, and many pretty ideas are shown in yoke effects and artistic trimmings. This basque can be made scalloped or plain.

NO. 7,331—WOMAN'S FANCY BASQUE.

plain around the bottom, the pattern providing the correct shaping. Venetian, pruned, camel's hair or pebble checked, combined with velvet, satin or lovely lace and applique, may be employed to make up this design.

To make this blouse for a woman of medium size will require one and a half yards of material 44 inches wide. The pattern, No. 7,331, is cut in sizes for a 32, 34, 36, 38 and 40 inch bust measure.

COUPON ENTITLING TO ONE PATTERN, ANY SIZE, OF NO. 7,331.

Cut this out, fill in with name and address and mail it to THE PATTERN DEPARTMENT OF THE TRIBUNE.

No. 7,331. Bust.....in.

Name.....

Address.....

Include 10 cents to pay mailing and handling expenses for each pattern wanted.

PERPETUAL COPYRIGHT LAW.

Miss Margaret Lee has secured the following additional signatures to the petition for a perpetual copyright law: F. Marion Crawford, John Emory McLean, Mary Mages Dodge, Richard H. Thibault, Ethan Allen, Franklin W. Hooker, James O. Kaler, Louis Pendleton, A. F. Nightingale, Henry T. Finck, Henry M. Baird, W. B. Clarke & Co., Clara, Erskine, Clements, E. K. Rawson, Josephine Darbitch Peary, Amanda M. Douglas, Nora T. Smith, Louise K. Baker, Caroline Leslie Field, Robert Dewey Benedict, Bertha B. Packard.

LETTERS TO THE EDITOR.

JOHN BARRETT DEFENDS DEWEY.

PROTEST AGAINST THE CRITICISM OF THE ADMIRAL'S DISPOSITION OF HIS HOUSE.

To the Editor of The Tribune.

Sir: Inasmuch as I was one of those who were intimately associated with Admiral Dewey during the long period he was in the Far East, and in view of all the unfortunate discussion that has arisen over the transfer of his house to his wife and then by her to her son, it may be fitting that I should join others in entering a protest against the unwarranted criticism of the Admiral's legitimate private acts.

In possibly forgetting the Admiral's wonderful record in the Far East and indulging in unbridled criticism of his personal affairs certain portions of the American people have shown a mercenary tendency that is a sad commentary on our much vaunted liberality and unprejudiced manner of thought. To us who are familiar with his devoted career from the time he assumed command of the Asiatic squadron until the day he sailed away from Manila it would seem that his achievements and his unwavering, faithful as well as successful service to our Government should completely outweigh a petty family affair that does not concern the people at large, and that not a single discordant note should be heard over the country.

In my contracted association with the Admiral, first, as United States Minister, and later in a private capacity, I can say that the American people, with all the praise they have showered upon him, have not given him a single iota more of credit than he deserves.

In contrast to a mere process of law in Washington let us consider, first, his untiring efforts to prepare his fleet for battle while he was at Hong Kong, which made his squadron practically invincible to any foe he might meet; second, his perfect and daring execution of his plan of battle in the face of odds that were against him, remembering, in addition to the size of the Spanish fleet, the batteries on land both at Manila and Cavite, and the dangers of a strange harbor eight thousand miles away from American shores; third, his great tact, mingled with firmness, and his successful diplomacy in conducting our affairs during the long, trying period in which he was the center of a storm; fourth, his refusal to come to the aid of Manila in the hour of peril in the Philippines, and his determination to remain as long as his health, and, fifth, his marvelous devotion to duty during a whole year in Manila Bay, when he was constantly exposed to the danger of being captured, and his determination to recuperate or secure a needed change, and never left the harbor himself for as much as a whole day in nearly thirteen months' continuous work.

"Let us forget" is a motto which should be in the mind of every American now when thinking of Admiral Dewey.

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New-York, Nov. 23, 1899.

UNIFORM DIVORCE LAWS.

SAMUEL W. DIKE COMMENTS ON THE FEARS OF BISHOP DOANE.

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Sir: I see Bishop Doane is reported as fearing that the adoption of the suggested number of legal grounds of divorce would act unfavorably upon the States which now have a less number. If I mistake not, the recommendation is so constructed that, if adopted, no State shall have no other than the causes prescribed. Any State may have more, but not different ones. This plan leaves South Carolina, New-York and New-Jersey free to continue their present systems, and any State that chooses can reduce its statutory causes for divorce to uniformity.

The other measure proposed will, if adopted, aid New-York and other States in the maintenance of their stricter law. For these provisions will prevent the courts of a State from granting a divorce for any cause which is not a ground of divorce in the State where the cause arose, unless the parties were at the time of the occurrence of the cause residents within the State in which the suit is brought.

The Commissioners, I understand, do not wish these provisions to be enacted into the law this winter, for they desire the most careful consideration in order that the measures be made as perfect as possible. Other proposals are intended to check divorce to non-residents of residence before a divorce suit can be entered for trial. Already the term of residence has been raised to one year in all the territories, and in several States that had three or six months.

As I write away from home, I expect to act at one of our public schools. I think not. It is a pleasure to bear witness to the careful thoroughness of the work of the Commission, and to the good work of the State in the matter of divorce.

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SOME AMERICANS IN LONDON.

To the Editor of The Tribune.

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He was only a visitor in London, and, as he was not a resident, he could not vote in the election. I must own I envied his good luck in acquiring the Horace. Hanway-st., while not a thoroughfare, has much of interest in its short extent, and bishops are sometimes seen to pass along its narrow sidewalks. I certainly saw one in all the pictures of short, gaiters and trousers. Some day, perhaps, I shall see the old fashioned street again, but the memories of pleasant hours there will never be effaced.

Washington, Nov. 21, 1899.

CONCERNING DISTINCTIONS.

To the Editor of The Tribune.

Sir: I have been pretty well acquainted with The Tribune from its birth, and a subscriber most of the time since, and in the last few years have often said I thought its editorials were the most comprehensive and instructive of any of our papers on most subjects; but in Tuesday's issue of November 7 "Right and Wrong Run Mad" did not seem to me worthy of the paper, according to the estimation I have ever held of it.

First, if right has run mad it surely is wrong, and if wrong has run mad it is not so strange or uncommon. It is almost universal to hear people giving excuses and searching reasons for that which they feel and know to be wrong, then conclude it may be admissible for a Christian to engage in and say he was obliged so to do. The wish or choice of means to accomplish the end has its weight, but when war is to be called holy and the proper method of Christianizing the world cannot be secured in it. Though I shall be told that it was the overthrow of slavery, yet it was not the Christian way to free the world.

The Quakers came out about 1850, and as they increased in numbers some of them began to feel that their slaves were entitled to their freedom, and began the work for it in their own borders. They struggled with it many years, when all were set free and some provision made for them and their

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children—about ninety years before our country was free of that evil.

I hardly need tell The Tribune that William Penn and his friends governed his colony among the Indians nearly one hundred years ago, while outside of it Indian wars were being prosecuted. Within its borders no war cry was ever heard, and no Indian ever knowingly or wilfully shed Quaker blood. When the new settlers outnumbered the colonists the government passed out of their hands.

JOHN HEEPE.

Great Neck, Long Island, Nov. 15, 1899.

OPEN AND CLOSED CARS.

To the Editor of The Tribune.

Sir: I am glad to note The Tribune's change of view regarding the continued operation of open streetcars, which, until lately, it has attacked so violently. I have discovered that a large number of persons besides myself never enter a closed car at any time, and believe that the Metropolitan Company's consideration for them will meet with the grateful recognition of this class.

OSWALD JACKSON.

New-York, Nov. 15, 1899.

A MISQUOTED PROVERB.

To the Editor of The Tribune.

Sir: A certain proverb, which is usually credited to the Spanish, and which gives the test of age in respect to the sexes, is almost always misquoted in this way: "A man is as old as he feels, and a woman as old as she looks."

It was so misquoted by a speaker at the meeting of the Hundred Year Club last night, if your reporter is not at fault. The proverb, correctly reported, should read as follows: "A man is as young as he feels; a woman as old as she looks."

Of course, some irreverent man wrote the proverb.

JOEL BENTON.

Poughkeepsie, N. Y., Nov. 17, 1899.

ANNIVERSARY OF WASHINGTON'S DEATH.

To the Editor of The Tribune.

Sir: The 14th day of December will be the 100th anniversary of the death of Washington. Let it be commemorated by appropriate ceremonies in the village, town and city throughout the United States—minute guns to be fired, flags be displayed at half mast, bells to be tolled at noon, noon and evening, etc.; orations to be delivered, and, above all, Washington's Farewell Address should be read at public gatherings everywhere throughout the country.

The daily press of the United States should simultaneously reprint the entire address. Washington was unique in deeds and character, and a centennial observance of his death would be an unique event, the first of a series of centennial remembrances hereafter.

The North, the South, the East, the West, can join hands together in doing honor to the man first in war, first in peace, first in the hearts of his countrymen.

JOEL BENTON.